CMS Primary Care First Seriously Ill Population Webinar
Wednesday 24 July 2019
12:00 PM - 01:00 PM
Primary Care First

Foster Independence. Reward Outcomes.

Seriously Ill Population (SIP)
Webinar Part I

Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation (CMMI)
CMMI Speakers

- Gary Bacher, Chief Strategy Officer
- Dr. Michael Lipp, Chief Medical Officer
- Emily Johnson, Seriously Ill Population Co-Lead
A Two-Part Webinar Series

Seriously III Population (SIP)

Part I
- Discuss key concepts and principles underlying the program

Part II
- Provide more details regarding specific aspects of the program
Presentation Overview

- Introduction
- Who are SIP patients?
- Who Can Participate in the Primary Care First SIP Model Option?
- How Are SIP Patients Identified and Attributed to Practices?
- How is the SIP Model Option Structured?
- What Are Next Steps That My Practice Can Take to Participate?
- Question and Answer
Introduction
Seriously Ill Population (SIP)
Example Patient Profile

Tom
Age: 87

Diagnosis: End stage chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), Congestive Heart Failure (CHF), Osteoarthritis

Patient Notes:

- Sees multiple different specialists seeking care to address his symptoms
- Recurrent emergency department visits (5 this year) and hospitalizations (3 in the past 6 months)
- Unable to get timely appointments with a primary care provider or pulmonologist
- Confusion regarding what to do, or which clinician to call when symptoms arise
- No developed care plan (i.e. hasn’t identified goals, care preferences, or a healthcare proxy)
- Walks with a cane and uses stairs to get to his second floor bedroom
- Has a cupboard filled with multiple pill bottles and inhalers, some of which are duplicative or expired
What SIP Seeks to Address

- Fragmented, siloed care
  - Poor care coordination
  - Difficulty navigating care plan
  - Undesired or unnecessary treatments
- Lack of care management programs focused on filling gaps in care
  - Frequent visits to hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and specialists’ offices
  - Frequent complications
  - Increased caregiver dependency

High healthcare costs and low patient satisfaction
Primary Care First SIP Model Option Goals

**Goals of Seriously Ill Population Model Option***

- **Offer a transitional high touch, intensive intervention** to help stabilize SIP patients, promote relief from symptoms, pain, and stress, develop a care plan, and transition them to a provider who can take responsibility for their longer term care needs.

- **Provide participating practices with additional financial resources** to proactively engage SIP patients, address their intensive care needs, and help them achieve clinical stabilization and transition.

- **Transform high-need patient care into a replicable population-health initiative** that is patient-centered and supports long-term chronic care management.

*Aligned with Physician-Focused Payment Model Technical Advisory Committee (PTAC) recommendations*
Who are SIP Patients?
SIP Patient Definition

SIP Patient Criteria

CMS will use claims data to identify beneficiaries in designated service areas who meet both of the following criteria:

1. **Fragmented pattern of care, defined as at least one of the following characteristics:**
   - No single practice (defined at the TIN level) provided more than half of a beneficiary’s evaluation and management visits
   - High rate of hospital visits, including emergency department use

2. **Serious illness, defined as at least one of the following characteristics:**
   - Medical complexity
   - High hospital utilization
   - Signs of frailty
Who Can Participate in the Primary Care First SIP Model Option?
Eligibility Requirements

Practices receiving SIP-identified patients must provide:

- An interdisciplinary care team that includes physician/nurse practitioner, care manager, RN, and social worker (optional team members include behavioral health specialist, pharmacist, community services coordinator, and chaplain)
- Comprehensive, person-centered care management ability, including ability to assess social needs of patients
- Relationships with community and medical resources and supports in the community to help address social determinants of health, medical, and behavioral health issues
- Wellness and healthcare planning as part of management of SIP patients
- Family and caregiver engagement
- 24/7 access to a member of the care team
Participating in the SIP-Only Option of Primary Care First

Primary Care First applicants can apply to be assigned SIP patients in their service area who express interest in the model

Option 1
PCF High Need Populations
Payment Model Only
Also known as the SIP-only Option

Option 2
Participation in PCF General and PCF High Need Populations Payment Models

- Hospice and palliative care practitioners can participate as a physician practice
- SIP-only practices are expected to have a network of relationships with a variety of care organizations in a SIP beneficiary’s community in order to help facilitate care transitions
- No minimum beneficiary requirement to be eligible to participate for SIP-only practices
Participating in both the PCF General and PCF SIP Options

Primary Care First applicants can apply to be assigned SIP patients in their service area who express interest in the model.

Option 1
PCF High Need Populations Payment Model Only
Also known as the SIP-only Option

Option 2
Participation in PCF General and PCF High Need Populations Payment Models

- Must meet eligibility requirements for both PCF and PCF SIP payment model options
- Hospice and palliative care practitioners can participate by partnering with a participating PCF practice that includes these practitioners on its practitioner roster, or through an affiliated physician practice that meets the PCF General requirements
How Are SIP Patients Identified and Attributed to Practices?
Identification of SIP Patients

Once CMS validates that beneficiaries meet claims-based SIP eligibility criteria, beneficiaries are engaged in the model through the following steps:

1. CMS contacts SIP-eligible patients to solicit their interest in the model with support (e.g. via community based organizations).

2. In real time, CMS refers interested SIP-eligible patients to participating practices and helps set up an appointment.

3. Participating practices seek to make contact as soon as possible with interested SIP patients (e.g. within 24 hours) but no later than 60 days, as evidenced by a Medicare claim for a face-to-face visit.

4. Participating practices may also receive, on a limited case-by-case basis, referrals of SIP beneficiaries not identified by claims data.
TITLE SLIDE MISSED
Flexibility for Flat Visit Fee Base Payments

- Face-to-face visits will generally be billed as a Flat Visit Fee.
- Illustrative examples of the types of services that would fall under the Flat Visit Fee and not be billed separately under FFS include:

  - Office/Outpatient Visit E/M
  - Prolonged E/M
  - Transitional Care Management Services
  - Home Care E/M
  - Advance Care Planning
  - Welcome to Medicare and Annual Wellness Visits
  - Face-to-Face Visits Related to Chronic Care Management
Quality Strategy for SIP Option Participants*

- **24/7 Clinician Access**
  (monitoring assessment in Performance Years 1 and 2)
  - Measures beneficiaries' perception of round-the-clock access

- **Days at Home**
  (monitoring assessment in Performance Years 1 and 2)
  - Leverages a patient-defined goal and system measure of success; measures the number of days a SIP patient remains outside of an institutional care setting

- **Patient Experience of Care Survey**
  (monitoring assessment in Performance Year 1)
  - Emphasizes patient experience, inclusive of domains such as getting timely appointments, care and information, quality communication with providers and patient rating of provider and care

- **Advance Care Plan**
  - Ensures that patients' wishes regarding medical treatment be established

- **Total Per Capita Cost Measure (TPCC)**
  - Provides meaningful information about total Medicare Part A and Part B costs associated with delivering care

*Same measures as PCF practices in Practice Risk Groups 4 and 5; CMS may assess one or more of these measure more often than annually (e.g., twice per year) in future years, and the measures used may change during the model as clinical standards and quality measurement approaches evolve.
Payment Changes After Transitioning a Patient out of SIP

After transitioning a SIP patient to the most appropriate practice or care setting, a practice’s payments for the patient’s care will change based on which model option they have chosen:

**Option 1**
PCF High Need Populations Payment Model Only
Also known as the SIP-only Option

- Will no longer receive SIP Payment Model Option payments but can receive standard Medicare FFS payments for these patients’ care

**Option 2**
Participation in both options 1 and 2

- Revert to payment structure of general track, including professional risk-adjusted population-based payment

CMS expects that SIP-only practices will facilitate transition of SIP patients to a primary care practice or other care provider or setting that can better meet the patient’s longer-term care needs.
Implementation of Certified Electronic Health Record Technology (CEHRT)

- Hospice and palliative care practitioners may lack resources to meet CEHRT requirements in year one of the model.
- SIP participants without CEHRT may require additional time to implement necessary workflow and IT changes.
- SIP participants that meet requirements for CEHRT will be evaluated separately for the purposes of determining if SIP can be considered an AAPM for year one of the model.

**Note:** SIP-only practices beginning in 2021 must have CEHRT
Claims-Based Monitoring of SIP Practices to Meet Program Goals

Participant monitoring is designed to ensure that practices are engaging SIP patients in a variety of ways based on each beneficiary’s current and anticipated needs.

Evidence of SIP patient engagement may include:

- Completion of initial face-to-face visit after receiving a SIP patient attribution list
- Amount and type of services provided to SIP patients (including face-to-face and telephonic encounters)
- Hospital admission and re-admission rates
- Post-hospital discharge follow up
- Quality and appropriateness of care transitions

CMS will also monitor for evidence of fragmented care and unnecessary hospital utilization following transition of the beneficiary.
SIP Patient Impact

Tom
Age: 87
Diagnosis: End stage chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), Congestive Heart Failure (CHF), Osteoarthritis

As a result of Primary Care First:

- Tom’s primary care provider is closely coordinating care in conjunction with specialists, and Tom receives timely appointments that are coordinated with caregivers
- No Emergency Department visits in the past 3 months; he had 2 COPD exacerbations that were managed in the outpatient setting
- Tom knows what to do and who to call if symptoms worsen, with a clinician available 24/7
- Tom understands his illness, has identified a long-term plan specific to his goals, created an advance care plan including his end-of-life care preferences and identified a healthcare proxy
- Home safety evaluation was performed, and Tom’s bedroom was moved to the first floor
- Medication reconciliation performed, expired medications were discarded, and Tom now uses a pill organizer and carries his medication list with him
What Are Next Steps That My Practice Can Take to Participate?
Primary Care First Will Launch in Early 2020

- **Summer 2019**: Practice applications open; Payer Statement of Interest posted
- **Summer-Fall 2019**: Practice applications due; Payer solicitation
- **Fall-Winter 2019**: Practices and payers selected
- **January 2020**: Model launch
- **April 2020**: Payment changes begin

Prepare for model application release by confirming your organization’s eligibility and willingness to participate today.
Questions?
Thank you for Joining Us Today

For more information about Primary Care First and to stay up to date on upcoming model events:

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Reminder: More detail will be provided in Part II of the SIP Webinar Series